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	GESTIÓN DE CALIDAD PROCESO DE EVALUACIÓN- SEGUIMIENTO Y EVALUACION- AUTOEVALUACION	V-EI- AA- FO	
	GUÍA N°3	Marzo 2021	

GUÍA N.º 3 DE INGLÉS

ÁREA: Humanidades y Artes.	Nivel: secundaria	GRADO: 9º	FECHAS: 15 al 26 de marzo.	Nº CLASES: 4
DOCENTES	Ana Torres- Ingrid Camargo.			
OBJETIVO	Leo y comprendo textos relacionados con la globalización y su impacto.			
ESTÁNDAR	Identifico palabras clave dentro del texto que me permiten comprender su sentido general.			
COMPETENCIA	Escribo textos de diferentes tipos teniendo en cuenta a mi posible lector.			
DBA	-Identifica el propósito de textos orales y escritos de mediana longitud relacionados con temas de interés general y de su entorno académico y la comparte con otros.			
RESULTADO DE APRENDIZAJE ESPERADO	Respondo a preguntas relacionándolo con temas de interés común e identifico datos específicos a través de la comprensión lectora.			
FUNDAMENTACIÓN TEÓRICA	<p>Examples of Globalization (Concept Map)</p> <p>Because of trade developments and financial exchanges, we often think of globalization as an economic and financial phenomenon. Nonetheless, it includes a much wider field than just flowing of goods, services or capital. Often referred to as the globalization concept map, some examples of globalization are:</p>			

	<p>Economic globalization: is the development of trade systems within transnational actors such as corporations or NGOs;</p> <p>Financial globalization: can be linked with the rise of a global financial system with international financial exchanges and monetary exchanges. Stock markets, for instance, are a great example of the financially connected global world since when one stock market has a decline, it affects other markets negatively as well as the economy as a whole.</p> <p>Cultural globalization: refers to the interpenetration of cultures which, as a consequence, means nations adopt principles, beliefs, and costumes of other nations, losing their unique culture to a unique, globalized supra-culture;</p> <p>Political globalization: the development and growing influence of international organizations such as the UN or WHO means governmental action takes place at an international level. There are other bodies operating a global level such as NGOs like Doctors without borders or Oxfam;</p> <p>Sociological globalization: information moves almost in real-time, together with the interconnection and interdependence of events and their consequences. People move all the time too, mixing and integrating different societies;</p> <p>Technological globalization: the phenomenon by which millions of people are interconnected thanks to the power of the digital world via platforms such as Facebook, Instagram, Skype or Youtube.</p> <p>Geographic globalization: is the new organization and hierarchy of different regions of the world that is constantly changing. Moreover, with transportation and flying made so easy and affordable, apart from a few countries with demanding visas, it is possible to travel the world without barely any restrictions;</p> <p>Ecological globalization: accounts for the idea of considering planet Earth as a single global entity – a common good all societies should protect since the weather affects everyone and we are all protected by the same atmosphere. To this regard, it is often said that the poorest countries that have been polluting the least will suffer the most from climate change.</p> <p>The Benefits of Globalization</p> <p>Globalization has benefits that cover many different areas. It reciprocally developed economies all over the world and increased cultural exchanges. It also allowed financial exchanges between companies, changing the paradigm of work. Many people are nowadays citizens of the world. The origin of goods became secondary and geographic distance is no longer a barrier for many services to happen. Let's dig deeper.</p> <p>The Engine of Globalization – An Economic Example</p> <p>The most visible impacts of globalization are definitely the ones affecting the economic world. Globalization has led to a sharp increase in trade and economic exchanges, but also to a multiplication of financial exchanges.</p>
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In the 1970s world economies opened up and the development of free trade policies accelerated the globalization phenomenon. Between 1950 and 2010, world exports increased 33-fold. This significantly contributed to increasing the interactions between different regions of the world.

This acceleration of economic exchanges has led to strong global economic growth. It fostered as well a rapid global industrial development that allowed the rapid development of many of the technologies and commodities we have available nowadays.

Knowledge became easily shared and international cooperation among the brightest minds speeded things up. According to some analysts, globalization has also contributed to improving global economic conditions, creating much economic wealth (thas was, nevertheless, unequally distributed – more information ahead).

Globalization Benefits – A Financial Example

At the same time, finance also became globalized. From the 1980s, driven by neo-liberal policies, the world of finance gradually opened. Many states, particularly the US under Ronald Reagan and the UK under Margaret Thatcher introduced the famous “3D Policy”: Disintermediation, Decommissioning, Deregulation.

The idea was to simplify finance regulations, eliminate mediators and break down the barriers between the world’s financial centers. And the goal was to make it easier to exchange capital between the world’s financial players. This financial globalization has contributed to the rise of a global financial market in which contracts and capital exchanges have multiplied.

Globalization – A Cultural Example

culture globalization definition benefits effects examples

Together with economic and financial globalization, there has obviously also been cultural globalization. Indeed, the multiplication of economic and financial exchanges has been followed by an increase in human exchanges such as migration, expatriation or traveling. These human exchanges have contributed to the development of cultural exchanges. This means that different customs and habits shared among local communities have been shared among communities that (used to) have different procedures and even different beliefs.

Good examples of cultural globalization are, for instance, the trading of commodities such as coffee or avocados. Coffee is said to be originally from Ethiopia and consumed in the Arabid region. Nonetheless, due to commercial trades after the 11th century, it is nowadays known as a globally consumed commodity. Avocados, for instance, grown

mostly under the tropical temperatures of Mexico, the Dominican Republic or Peru. They started by being produced in small quantities to supply the local populations but today guacamole or avocado toasts are common in meals all over the world. At the same time, books, movies, and music are now instantaneously available all around the world thanks to the development of the digital world and the power of the internet. These are perhaps the greatest contributors to the speed at which cultural exchanges and globalization are happening. There are also other examples of globalization regarding traditions like Black Friday in the US, the Brazilian Carnival or the Indian Holi Festival. They all were originally created following their countries' local traditions and beliefs but as the world got to know them, they are now common traditions in other countries too.

Why Is Globalization Bad? The Negative Effects of Globalization

Globalization is a complex phenomenon. As such, it has a considerable influence on several areas of contemporary societies. Let's take a look at some of the main negative effects globalization has had so far.

The Negative Effects of Globalization on Cultural Loss

Apart from all the benefits globalization has had on allowing cultural exchanges it also homogenized the world's cultures. That's why specific cultural characteristics from some countries are disappearing. From languages to traditions or even specific industries. That's why according to UNESCO, the mix between the benefits of globalization and the protection of local culture's uniqueness requires a careful approach.

The Economic Negative Effects of Globalization

Despite its benefits, the economic growth driven by globalization has not been done without awakening criticism. The consequences of globalization are far from homogeneous: income inequalities, disproportional wealth and trades that benefit parties differently. In the end, one of the criticisms is that some actors (countries, companies, individuals) benefit more from the phenomena of globalization, while others are sometimes perceived as the "losers" of globalization. As a matter of fact, a recent report from Oxfam says that 82% of the world's generated wealth goes to 1% of the population.

The Negative Effects of Globalization on the Environment

environment globalization definition benefits effects examples

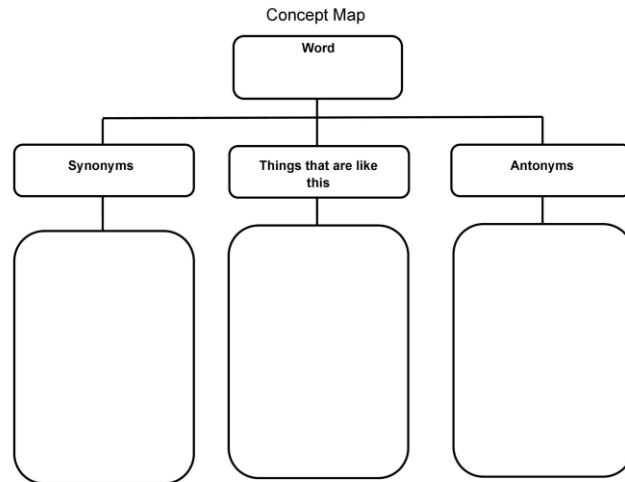
Many critics have also pointed out that globalization has negative effects on the environment. Thus, the massive development of transport that has been the basis of globalization is also responsible for serious environmental problems such as greenhouse gas emissions, global warming or air pollution.

**ACTIVIDAD A
DESARROLLA
R**

DATE: _____

TOPIC: globalization

1. En primer lugar continuaremos con el tema de globalization second part. Escribe en su cuaderno ese título. Enseguida escuche la explicación de su maestra y después cuando le de la instrucción empiece con este punto. Remítase al color purple de la fundamentación teórica y elabore un mapa conceptual con Examples of Globalization.

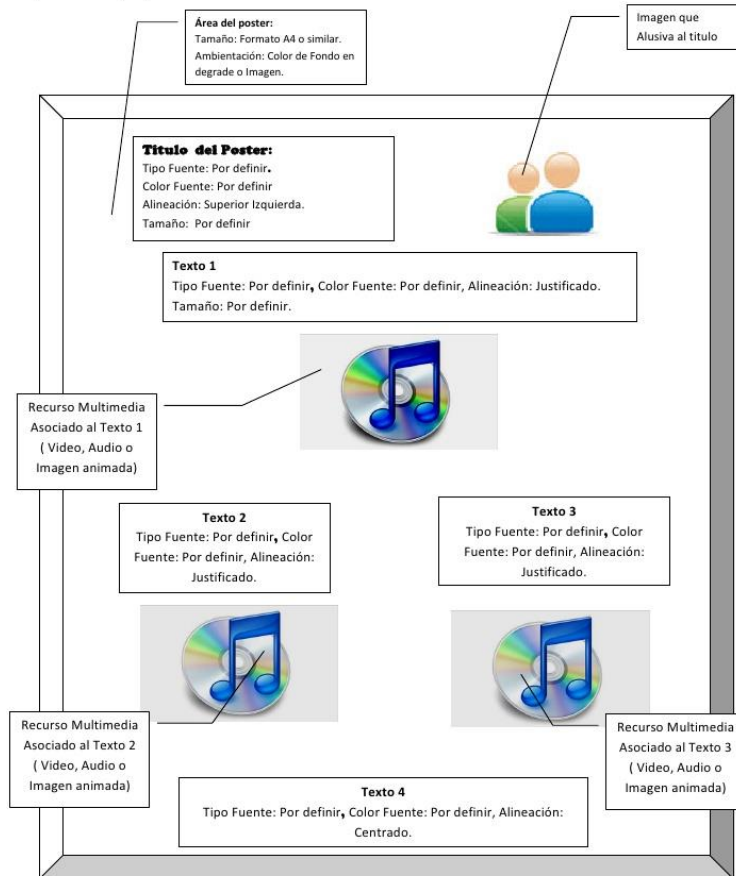


2. Remítase al color dark blue y elabore una frase de dos renglones que resuma esta temática.

3. En el apartado de color brown – An Economic Example, escoja 5 palabras desconocidas encierreles luego escribalas en su cuaderno y busque su significado.
4. Cree un poster explicando un ejemplo de Globalization Benefits – A Financial Example

ESQUEMA – BOCETO INICIAL DEI POSTER

Este es un primer acercamiento de cómo se va a distribuir la información dentro poster del proyecto:



5. Cree un poster explicado a través de dibujos Globalization – A Cultural Example.
6. Elabore una infografía donde explique Why Is Globalization Bad? The Negative Effects of Globalization

CRITERIOS DE EVALUACIÓN	<p>Aspectos para tener en cuenta:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • seguir adecuadamente las instrucciones de cada actividad y hacer uso de un vocabulario apropiado. • Organización en cuanto al desarrollo de la guía. • Puntualidad en la fecha y hora de entrega. • Claridad en el contenido del desarrollo de la guía. <p>Para hacer la valoración de esta guía, se debe enviar a través de correo electrónico tomando una foto de la carta o subirla a nuestra aula virtual.</p> <p>Correo: ingrid.camargo@gimnasiograndecolombiano.edu.com</p>
PROCESO EVALUATIVO	<p>EVALUACIÓN:</p> <p>NOTA DEFINITIVA DE LA GUÍA: _____</p> <p>LA NOTA FINAL SERÁ DE 1 A 5</p> <p>PARA TENER UNA NOTA DE 5 DEBE CUMPLIR CON LOS SIGUIENTES</p> <p>REQUISITOS:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. ESCRIBIR LAS RESPUESTAS EN INGLÉS 2. NO COPIAR DE INTERNET 3. NO USAR TRADUCTOR 4. HACER UN BUEN TRABAJO
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